Specifying an Appropriate Jet Fire Resistance Test for PFP

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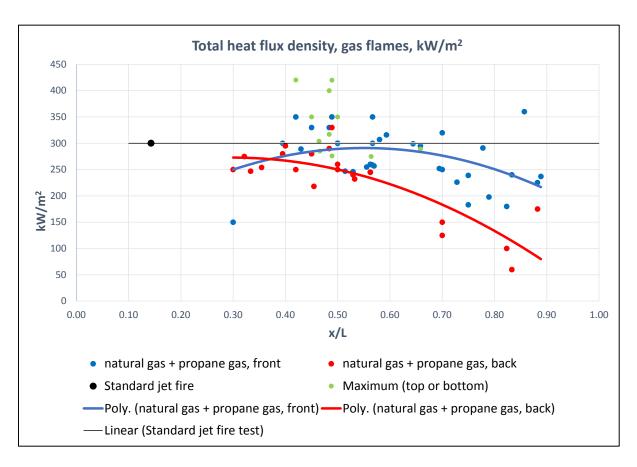
15 Nov 2022

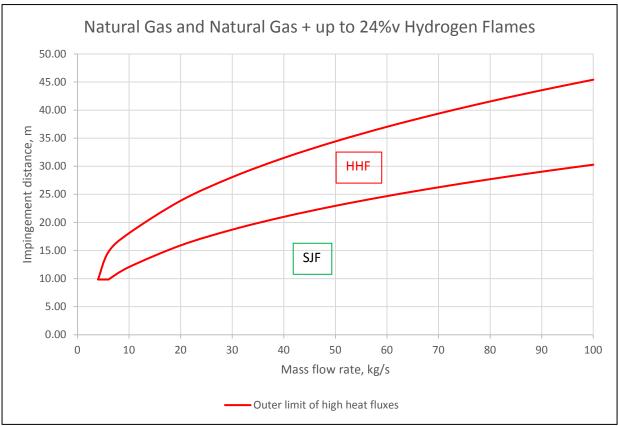
Types of jet fire

- Gaseous, e.g. natural gas, hydrogen, propane, butane, ethylene.
- LPG, e.g. propane, butane, propylene.
- 2 phase, e.g. live crude oil, mixtures of natural gas and oil.

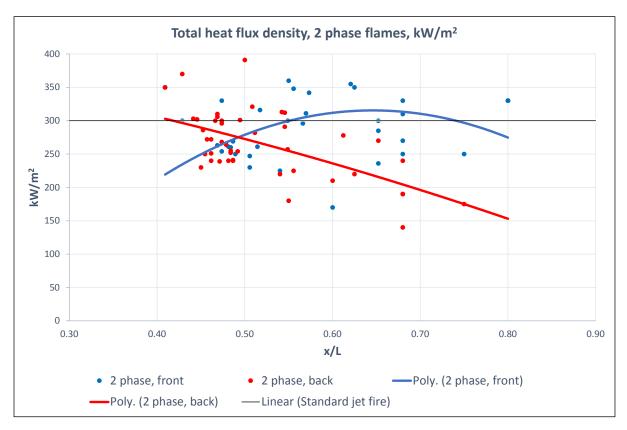
Fuel or ventilation controlled.

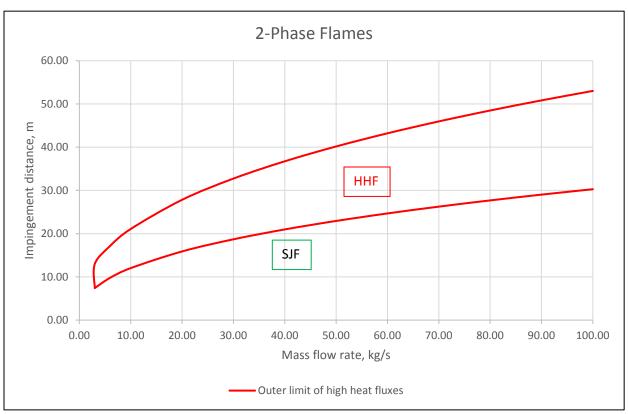
Gaseous jet fires, heat flux and regions of high heat flux (0.4 - 0.6 x/L).



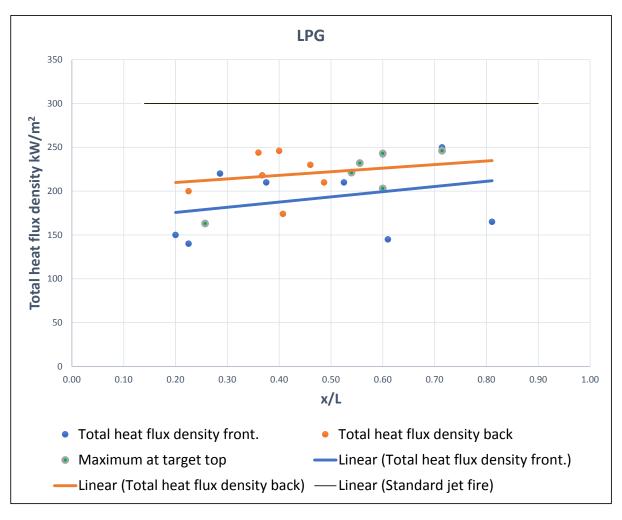


2-Phase jet fires, heat flux and regions of high heat flux (0.4 - 0.7 x/L).

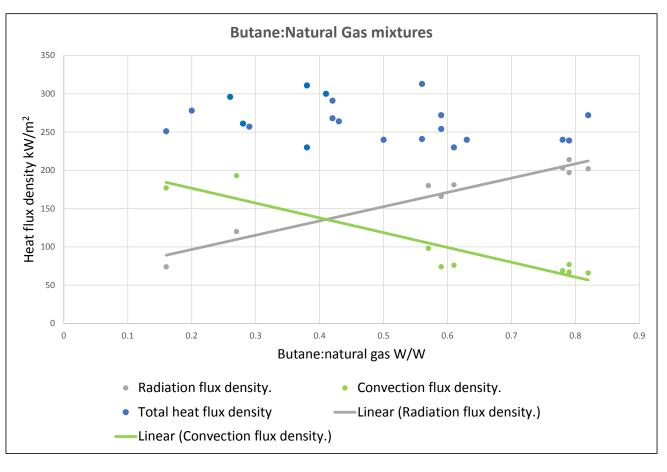


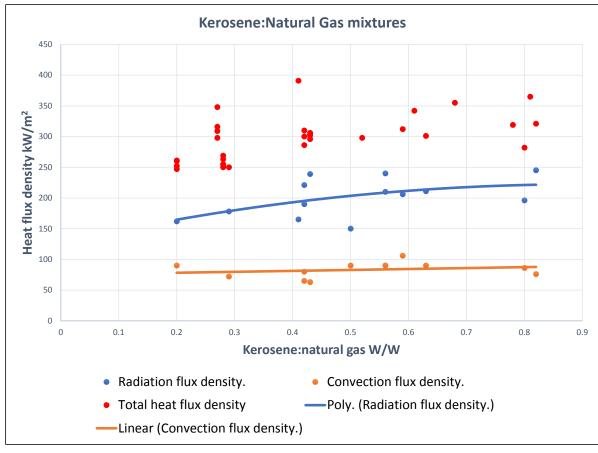


Flashing jet flames, LPG, heat flux.

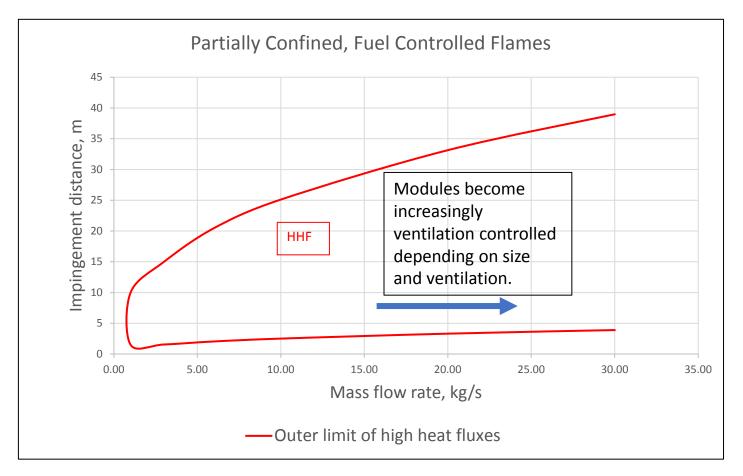


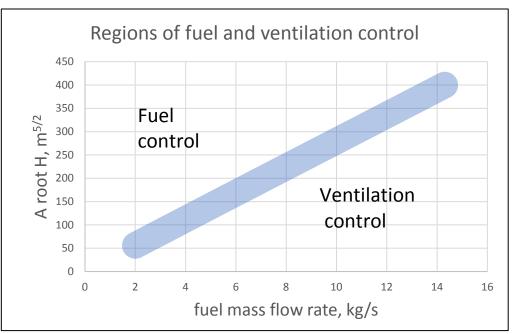
Mixtures of natural gas and butane or kerosene (2.5 kg/s total mass flow rate), heat flux.





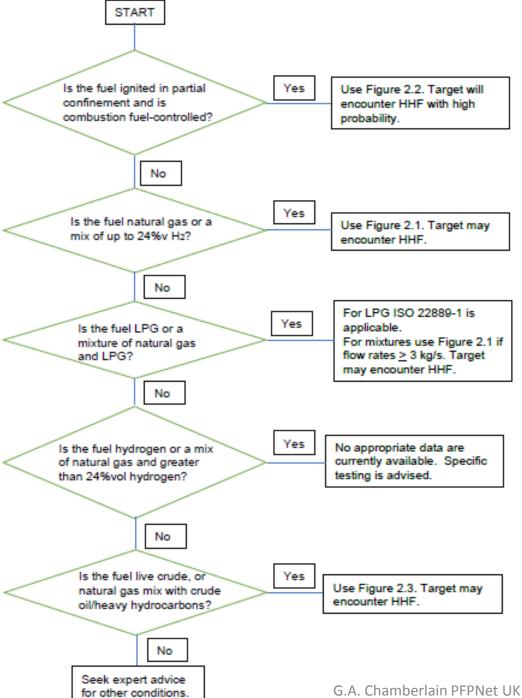
Partially confined, fuel-controlled jet fires.

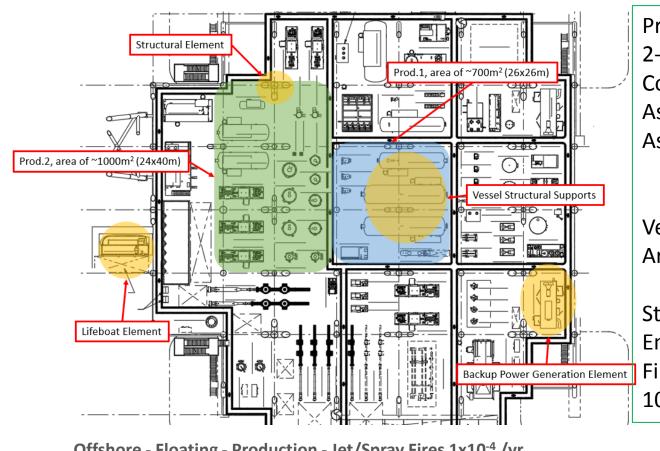




Assume:

- Single vent
- Air:fuel ratio 16
- Smoke 1200K





Production Module 2:

2-phase fluids.

Complex.

Assume plated deck and roof.

Assume: height 4m, vent 3m cladding blown off

in prior explosion.

Vent area: (10+20+40)x3=210

ArootH = $364 \text{ m}^{5/2}$

Structural element: Endurance time 10 min Fire survival time 20 min 10⁻⁴/year Design Load.

Result:

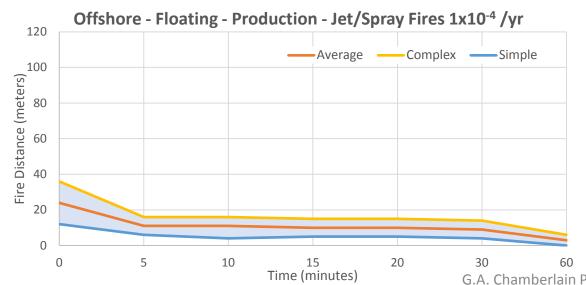
Flame length after 20min = 15m. Equiv. mass flow rate = 2 kg/s. From flow chart and curves, PFP tested to SJF test is suitable.

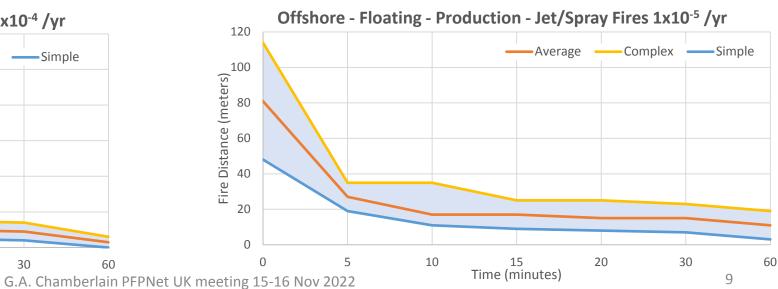
BUT

Partially confined and thus fuel-controlled jet fire.

So,

HIGH HEAT FLUX EXPECTED! Will PFP tested to SJF test be suitable for 20 min?





Recommendations

- There is a need to develop and simplify the link between the Design Fire Methodology and the Guidance when HHF would be encountered.
- For PFP that has passed the SJF test (ISO 22889-1) investigate how it would behave in HHF.
- Investigate the heat flux distribution in hydrogen and natural gas/hydrogen jet fires.
- Establish how serious abrasion of PFP is in high momentum jets.

Thank you for listening.

ANY QUESTIONS? (surely yes!)

